Source:
https://www.philstar.com/opinion/2019/09/21/1953575/editorial-fighting-revisionism

History Education and the Digital Media:

Approaches in Identifying and Fighting Online Historical Distortions

Francisco Jayme Paolo A. Guiang
Assistant Professor, UP Department of History
Tanggol Kasaysayan, Congress of Teachers/Educators for Nationalism and Democracy (CONTEND UP), Akademiya at Bayan Kontra Disimpormasyon at Dayaan (ABKD) Network

"A majority or **51% of Filipinos find it difficult to spot fake news** on television, radio, or social media… Among those who find it difficult to spot fake news on television, radio, or social media, the **highest is in Mindanao (54%), followed by Luzon (52%), Visayas (50%), and Metro Manila (47%, correctly rounded)**"

Social Weather Stations (SWS) survey held from 12 to 16 December 2021 via Loreben Tuquero, "51% of Filipinos find it difficult to spot fake news on media – SWS, Rappler.com"

"By education, **spotting fake news is more difficult among non-elementary graduates (59%), followed by elementary graduates (58%), junior high school graduates (48%), and college graduates (43%, correctly rounded)**"

Social Weather Stations (SWS) survey held from 12 to 16 December 2021 via Loreben Tuquero, "51% of Filipinos find it difficult to spot fake news on media – SWS, Rappler.com"

Source:
https://www.philstar.com/opinion/2019/09/21/1953575/editorial-fighting-revisionism

Historical Distortion as online disinformation:

No to Historical Revisionism?

Source:
https://www.philstar.com/opinion/2019/09/21/1953575/editorial-fighting-revisionism

Essential Things to Remember about Historical Revisionism:

- involves reinterpretation of a historical event or presentation of new narratives based on newly unearthed facts, done in a scientific manner

- challenging orthodox views about the past

Source:
https://www.philstar.com/opinion/2019/09/21/1953575/editorial-fighting-revisionism

Essential Things to Remember about Historical Revisionism:

"… **revision is the lifeblood of historical scholarship. History is a continuing dialogue between the present and the past…** The unending quest of historians for understanding the past—that is, 'revisionism'—is what makes history vital and meaningful."

- James M. McPherson cited in "Revisionist Historians," *Perspectives on History* (2003)

Source:
https://www.philstar.com/opinion/2019/09/21/1953575/editorial-fighting-revisionism

Essential Things to Remember about Historical Revisionism:

"… in common parlance, the word **revisionism** takes on a pejorative meaning because it is **associated with a vulgar use of certain historical events manipulated for political ends and with a complete lack of scientific foundation**."

- Giovanni C. Cattini cited in "Historical Revisionism: The Reinterpretation of History in Contemporary Political Debate," *Transfer* (2011)

Source:
https://www.philstar.com/opinion/2019/09/21/1953575/editorial-fighting-revisionism

Essential Things to Remember about Historical Revisionism:

Positive Historical Revisionism vs. Negative Historical Revisionism

See Dr. Maria Serena I. Diokno's lecture for the Martial Law commemoration webinars organized by the Human Rights Violations Victims' Memorial Commission (HRVVMC) on 21 September 2021.

Source:
https://www.philstar.com/opinion/2019/09/21/1953575/editorial-fighting-revisionism

Essential Things to Remember about Historical Revisionism:

Nature of negative revisionism:

- Polemical and/or rhetorical
- Based on questionable or contentious facts
- Practice of historical negation and/or manipulation of facts
- Directed towards whitewashing and/or myth-making

Scientific historiography, that which is grounded on evidence, should take precedence over **propagandistic historiography**

Source:
https://www.philstar.com/opinion/2019/09/21/1953575/editorial-fighting-revisionism

Essential Things to Remember about Historical Revisionism:

Negative Historical Revisionism

Historical Distortions

- Overinterpretation of facts
- Twisting facts
- Negation of facts

Source:
https://www.philstar.com/opinion/2019/09/21/1953575/editorial-fighting-revisionism

How to Detect Historical Distortions Online?

- Viral online content (usually)
- Absurd claims on the content's title or heading:
  - "The Real Hidden Truth on Philippine History"
  - "History that was not Taught in School"
  - "The Secret History of the Philippines"
  - "The Untold Story of the Philippines"

Source:
https://www.philstar.com/opinion/2019/09/21/1953575/editorial-fighting-revisionism

Breaking Down Historical Distortions Online? Apply Historical Thinking!

- Credibility of the source:
  - Who uploaded the online content?
  - Who was quoted/cited, interviewed, and/or featured in the online content?

- Dissect the unbelievable, absurd, and/or spectacular narratives presented:
  - Unfounded and questionable claims
  - Sweeping generalizations
  - Negates established facts

The Untold Story of the Kingdom of the Maharlikans, now called The Philippines

Type and hit enter ...

In the early 1930's, Europe was in a depression and Germany was financially bankrupt. An unknown party leader promised the German people that he could create jobs and boost its economy. The Germans dared him and put him in power. His name is Adolph Hitler. In June 1933, the Vatican and Hitler, a Roman Catholic signed a concordat for mutual protection and enhancement. Shortly after that, Hitler was loaded with money. He built a massive army and manufactured weapons for war. Then Hitler took Poland. Before 1918, there was no Poland. That land was part of Germany and used as a buffer zone to separate Germany from Russia. But when Hitler reclaimed it, England declared war on Germany.

Throughout the Spanish occupation of the Maharlika, members of the Tagean / Tallano clan have been visiting Europe since some of their relatives were English and Austrian. From 1866 to 1898, Prince Julian Macleod Tallano had also been frequenting the Vatican. In 1934, under Pope Pius XII, the Vatican negotiated with a member of the Filipino Royal Family, the Christian Tallano clan in Maharlika. An agreement was reached that 640,000 metric tons of the Tallano gold would be lent to the Pope. This was part of that gold accumulated by the Southeast Asian Srivijayan/Madjapahit Empire during its glorious reign of 900 years. In 1939, two members of the Tallano family and a Roman Catholic priest, Fr. Jose Antonio Diaz, brought the gold from Kota Kinabalu, Sabah, to the Vatican. After doing this, Fr. Diaz went back to the Maharlika and resided in Cabanatuan City. After World War II, he facilitated the safe return of the 640,000 metric tons of gold from the Vatican to the Maharlika. Manuel Acuna Roxas (a relative of the Acuna / Tagean / Tallano clan), then a congressman and Bishop Enrique Sobrepena, Sr. In

FOLLOW US

1 friend likes this

Kilusang Bagong Lipunan
about 6 months ago

Having gained the trust and confidence of Fr. Diaz, the Tallano clan made him the main negotiator and trustee of their gold. Fr. Diaz, in turn, hired the services of Atty. Ferdinand E. Marcos, then a highly recommended brilliant young lawyer having attained notoriety when he successfully defended himself in the "Nalundasan Case" in 1939. The Tallano clan paid commission to Fr. Diaz and Atty. Marcos in gold, 30% from the principal of 640,000 metric tons. In 1949, the two richest men in the world were Fr. Jose Antonio Diaz and Atty. Ferdinand E. Marcos. Between the two of them they legitimately earned and owned192,000 metric tons of gold. Ferdinand Marcos withdrew their share of the gold from the Central Bank and minted it "RP – CB." Sometime later, Fr. Diaz and Marcos brought their gold to Switzerland, in the Swiss Bank Corporation in Zurich. The remaining 400,000 metric tons of Tallano gold is in the third floor basement of the Central Bank Minting Plant in East Ave., Quezon City. There are 950,000 metric tons of gold (declared missing in the International Court of Justice) picked up by Yamashita from its European ally, Hitler. Another 250,000 tons of the Japanese loot around Southeast Asia are both now in the Maharlika. This country then became the holder of 1.6 million metric tons of gold bars. Some of the Yamashita gold buried in the Maharlika has been found. But the bulk of it is still buried to this day. And even now, thousands are secretly digging for it, including Japanese treasure hunters.

His Story of Maharlika Revealed

751,674 views • Sep 8, 2012 • Prince Julian Mordem Tallano revealed the history of the lost kingdom of Maharlika, along with Atty-in-F Show more

12K Dislike Share Save ...

People of Maharlika

Public group · 6.6K members

Join group

About | Discussion | Featured | Topics | Events | Media

#josérizal #bongbongmarcos #tuklasnikulas

Ang LIHIM na natuklasan | The Marcos and Rizal UNTOLD STORIES in HISTORY

491,006 views • Apr 20, 2021 • No human and animals were harmed in this video. Show more

14K Dislike Share Save ...

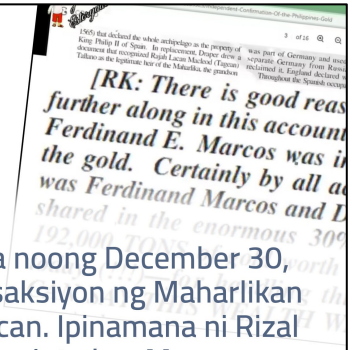
Source:
https://www.philstar.com/opinion/2019/09/21/1953575/editorial-fighting-revisionism

How de we deal with online Historical Distortions?

- Use critical examination of online content as an activity
- Reiterate what is historically truthful and factual about the past
- Use popular and creative approaches in defeating online disinformation and historical distortions
- Stress the relevance of public history

Sumasandig ang ABKD sa katotohanan at patuloy nitong lalabanan ang disimpormasyon at dayaan sa halalan 2022.

Let's
FACT CHECK #160



Nakaligtas si Jose Rizal sa execution niya noong December 30, 1896 at napili siyang mangasiwa sa transaksiyon ng Maharlikan Empire na may 600K MT na ginto sa Vatican. Ipinamana ni Rizal ang kaniyang komisyong 192K MT ng ginto kay Marcos pagkamatay nito noong 1970s.

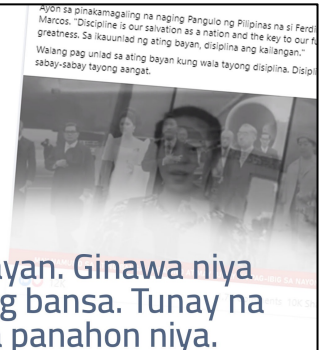
(Ryan Aaron Lumbera Suguitan original video by Juan Estoryador, Facebook video, 22 October 2021)

RATING: FALSE!

Una, si Rizal ay binitay sa Bagumbayan noong 30 Disyembre 1896 sa ganap na 7:03 ng umaga. May mga dokumento na nagpapatunay ng opisyal na seremonya ng paglipat ng mga labi ni Rizal patungo sa kanyang monumento sa Luneta noong 1912. Pangalawa, walang "Marharlikan Empire" at hindi totoo ang 600,00 metric tons ng ginto na ipinamana diumano ni Rizal kay Ferdinand Marcos, Sr. Walang nag-iisang prekolonyal na kaharian sa Pilipinas ayon sa mga pag-aaral ng historyador na si William Henry Scott. Ang kayamanan ng mga Marcos ay hindi galing sa isang imbentong ginto kundi ito ay ill-gotten at may mga kaso sa Korte upang patunayan ito.

@2021ABKD

Let's
FACT CHECK #161



Mahal ni Ferdinand Marcos Sr. ang bayan. Ginawa niya itong dakila at tinitingala ng iba't-ibang bansa. Tunay na kahanga-hanga ang bansa natin sa panahon niya. Trinaydor si Marcos at binaon ang magandang mga ginawa niya.

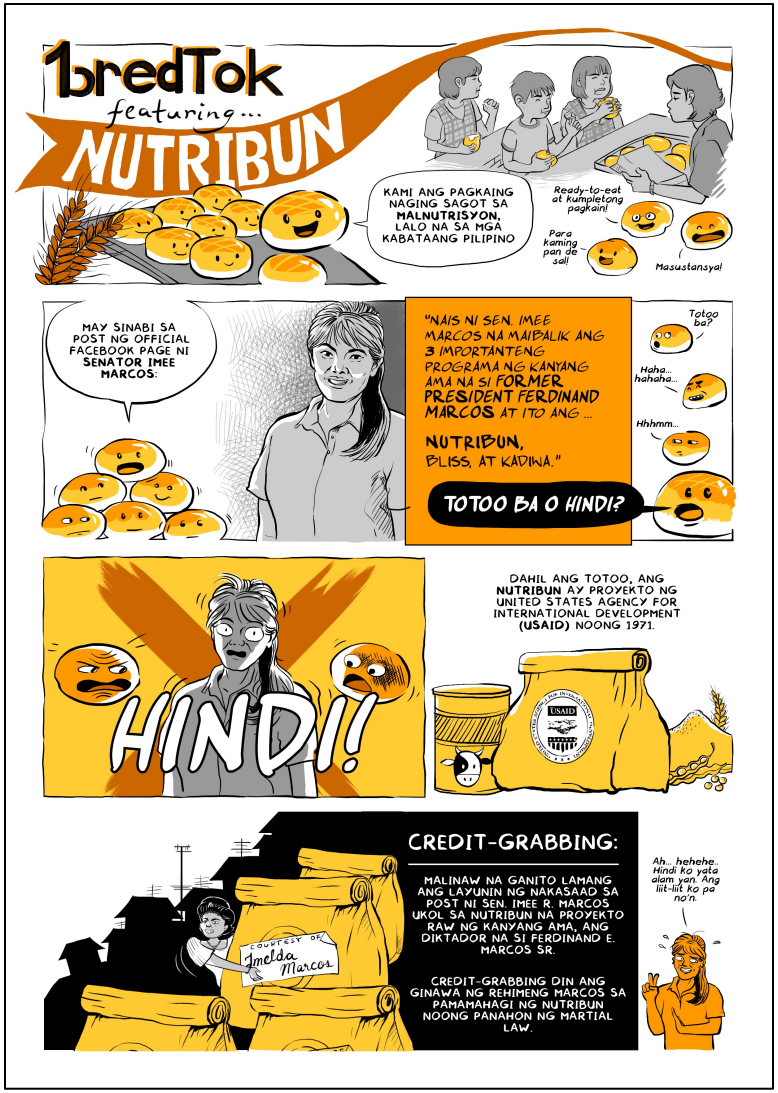
(Sangkay Janjan TV Official, Facebook video, 31 August 2020)

RATING: FALSE!

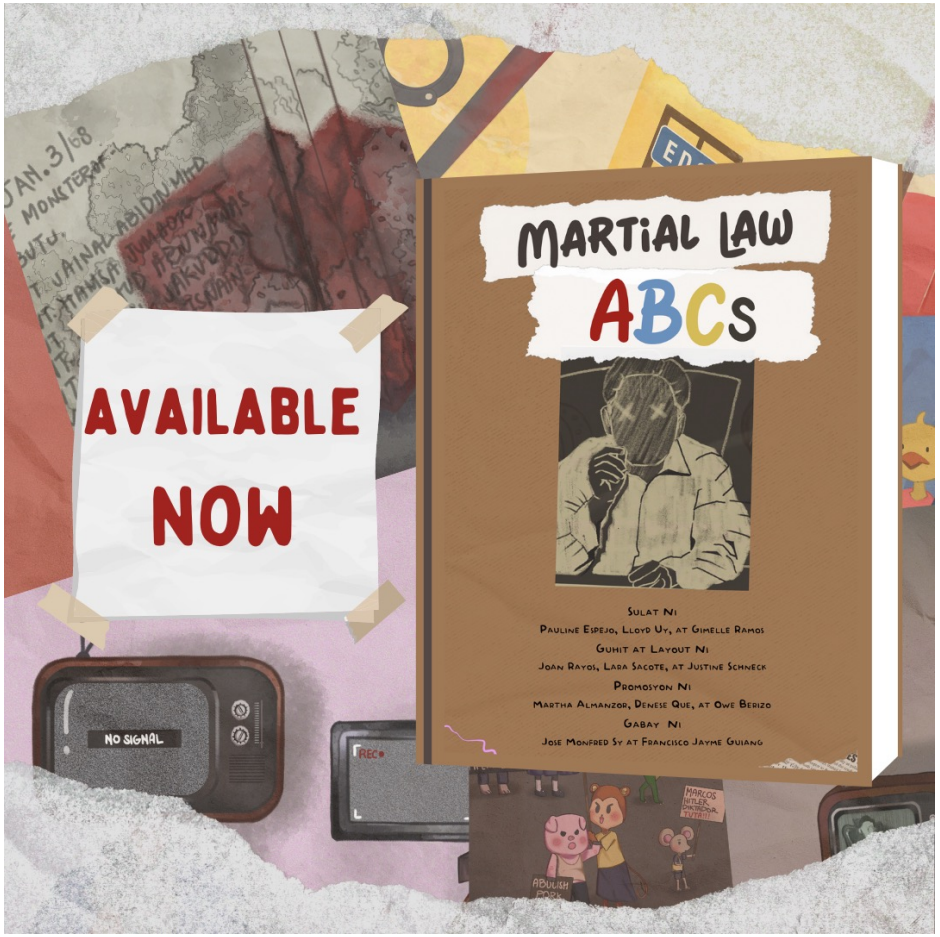
Si Marcos Sr. ang nagtraydor sa bayan. "We will make this nation great again" ang naging propganda ng kanyang kampanya noong 1965 ngunit nang siya'y pinatalsik sa pwesto ng taumbayan noong 1986, nag-iwan ang kanyang rehimen ng isang malalang economic crisis na kinailangan ng mahigit dalawang dekada upang malagpasan. Bukod pa rito, lumitaw ang maraming human rights violations dahil sa Batas Militar.

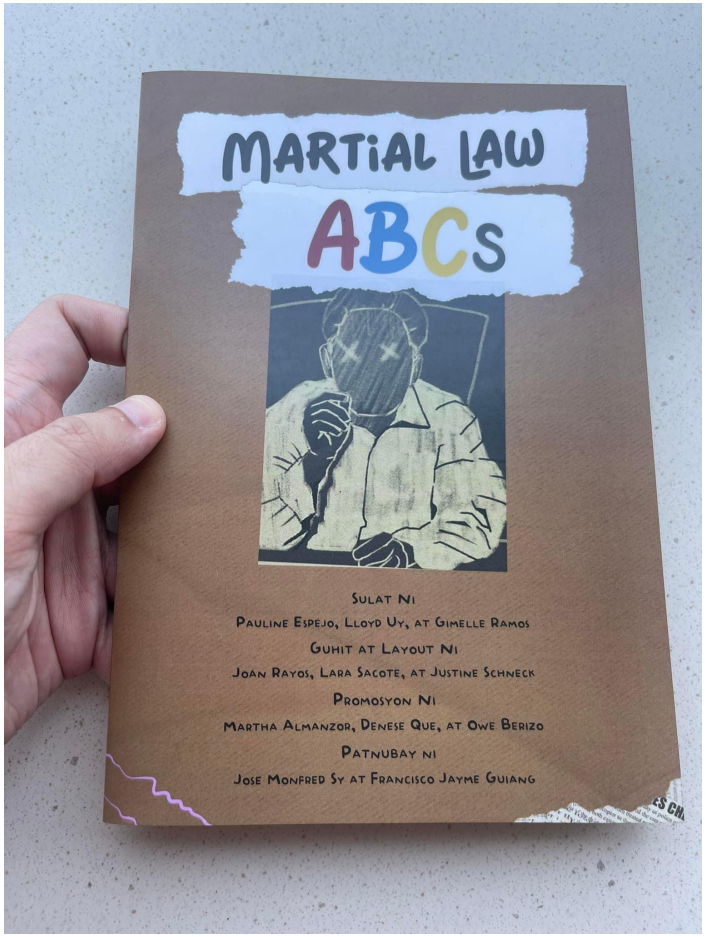
@2021ABKD

Sumasandig ang ABKD sa katotohanan at patuloy nitong lalabanan ang disimpormasyon at dayaan sa halalan 2022.



Sumasandig ang ABKD sa katotohanan at patuloy nitong lalabanan ang disimpormasyon at dayaan sa halalan 2022.





Sumasandig ang ABKD sa katotohanan at patuloy nitong lalabanan ang disimpormasyon at dayaan sa halalan 2022.

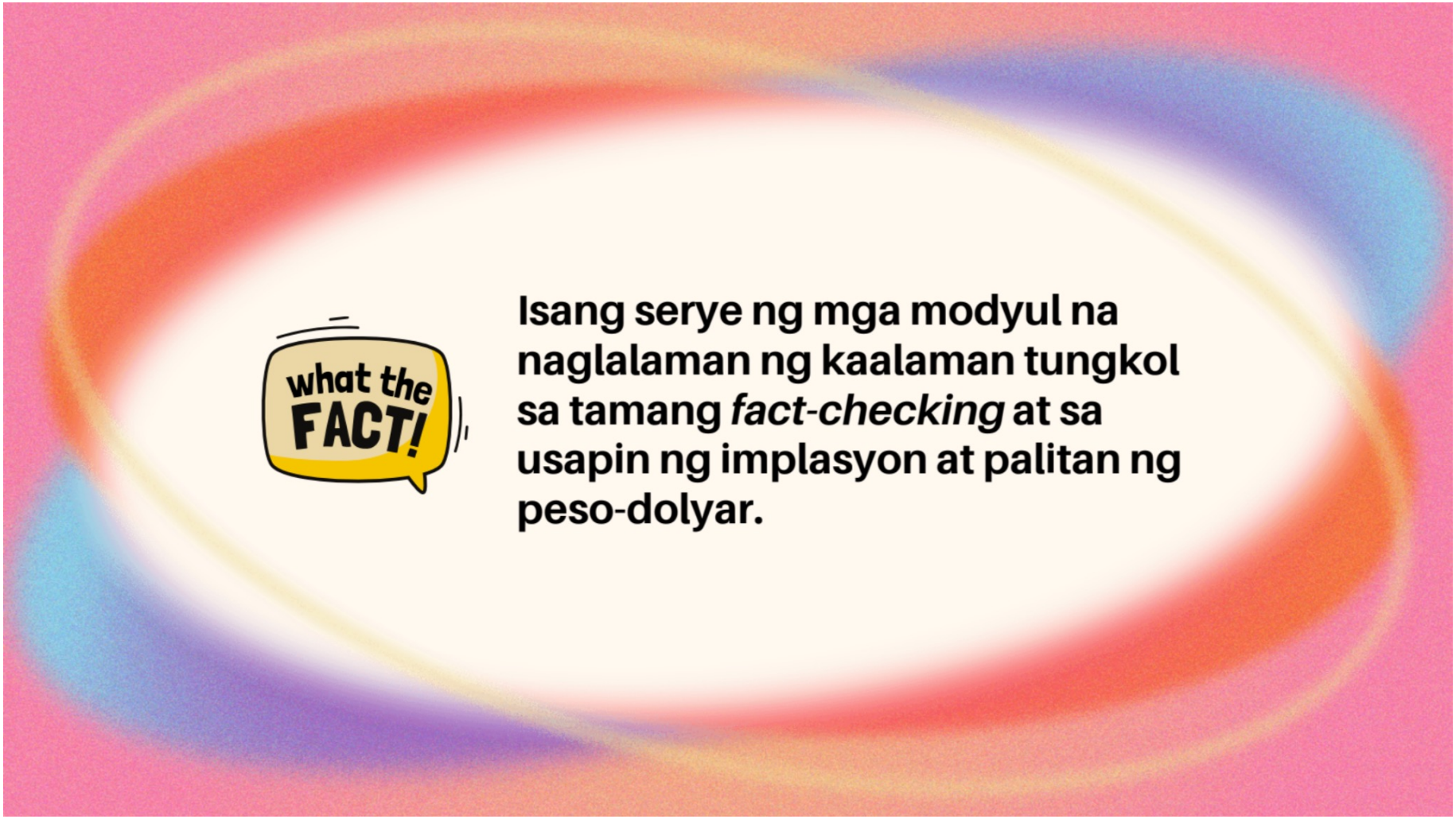
SEARCH

Mga Mag-aaral ng NSTP CAL sa UP Diliman, Naglunsad ng Aklat Pambata Tungkol sa Batas Militar

AUG 5, 2022 3:18 PM PHT

AKADEMIYA AT BAYAN KONTRA DISIMPORMASYON AT DAYAAN - ABKD
CONTRIBUTOR

Sumasandig ang ABKD sa katotohanan at patuloy nitong lalabanan ang disimpormasyon at dayaan sa halalan 2022.



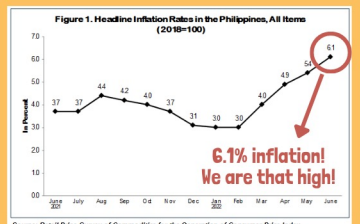
Sumasandig ang ABKD sa katotohanan at patuloy nitong lalabanan ang disimpormasyon at dayaan sa halalan 2022.

what the FACT!

Ang Inflation at ang Palitan ng Peso-Dolyar

Ano nga ba ang inflation?

Ang inflation ay isang pangyayaring ekonomiko kung saan tumataas ang presyo ng mga bilihin at mga pangunahing pangangailangan ng mga tao. Ipinahihiwatig din nito ang pagbaba ng halaga ng kada isang piso.



Source: Retail Price Survey of Commodities for the Generation of Consumer Price Index Philippine Statistics Authority

Ipinapakita ng talangguhit na ito ang "headline inflation rates", ngunit ano nga ba talaga ang ibig sabihin nito?

Ang headline inflation rate ay ang sumusukat sa mga pagbabago sa presyo ng pamumuhay ng mga pangkaraniwang pamilya.

So, ano naman ang ipinahihiwatig nito?

Ipinahihiwatig nito na kapag mas mataas ang inflation rate, mas mataas din ang presyo ng mga bilihin. Nagiging mas mababa rin ang halaga ng peso dahil mas kaunti ang nabibiling mga pangunahing pangangailangan.

Uy mars, PHP 55 na pala ang $1 ngayon! Magandang balita 'to ah, lumalakas na ang peso at yumayaman ang bansa!

Nako sis, fake news 'yan! Kapag mas mataas ang halaga ng isang dolyar kalaban ng peso, ibig sabihin bumababa ang halaga ng isang piso.

Eh bakit yung tita kong OFW, natutuwa na tumaas sa PHP 55 ang isang dolyar? Sabi niya, mas malaki raw ang maiuuwi niya samin dito.

Ah oo, tama naman yan. Isa yan sa advantages ng weaker peso. Ngunit isipin din natin na kung mahina ang peso laban sa dolyar, tataas ang presyo mga imported goods and services, at tataas ang consumer prices.

Tulad na lang ngayon, PHP 56 na ang isang kilo ng bigas, PHP 60 na ang isang kilo ng asukal, at kahit nga ang kilo ng repolyo eh PHP 120 na!

Ayon sa Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas, ang palitan ngayong 2022 na $1 = PHP 55.893 ay ang pinakamahinang naulat na halaga ng piso mula noong 2005 na $1 = PHP 54.74.*

(*) pinakamataas na naitalang halaga

Mga Sanggunian

- Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas. "Daily Philippine Peso Per US Dollar Rate." Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas, 22 July 2022, www.bsp.gov.ph/statistics/external/day49.aspx.
- ---. "Q&A on the Exchange Rate Impact: How Much, What We Can Do, And What's Next." Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas, www.bsp.gov.ph/Media_and_Research/Primers%20Faqs/fximpact.pdf.
- Business World. "Peso Slumps to Lowest Since 2005." Business World, 23 June 2022, www.bworldonline.com/top-stories/2022/06/23/415667/peso-slumps-to-lowest-since-2005/.
- Department of Agriculture. "Bantay Presyo Prices Monitoring." Department of Agriculture, 22 Jan. 2021, www.da.gov.ph/wp-content/uploads/2021/01/Price-Monitoring-January-22-2021.pdf.
- Philippine Statistics Authority. "Headline Inflation (Conceptual Definition)." Philippine Statistics Authority, psa.gov.ph/content/headline-inflation-conceptual-definition-1.
- ---. "Summary Inflation Report Consumer Price Index (2018=100): June 2022." Philippine Statistics Authority, 5 July 2022, psa.gov.ph/price-indices/cpi-ir/title/Summary%20Inflation%20Report%20Consumer%20Price%20Index%20%282018%3D100%29%3A%20June%202022.
- Sy, Wilson. "Strong Peso - Good or Bad?" Philippine Star, 7 Sept. 2020, www.philstar.com/business/2020/09/07/2040189/strong-peso-good-or-bad#:~:text=A%20stronger%20peso%20makes%20imports,a%20result%20of%20the%20pandemic.

Sumasandig ang ABKD sa katotohanan at patuloy nitong lalabanan ang disimpormasyon at dayaan sa halalan 2022.

THE ADVENTURES OF

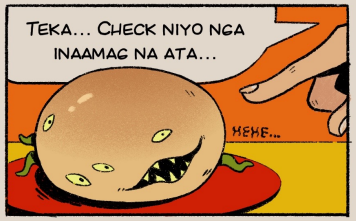
FACTBOY

ABANGAN ANG UNANG YUGTO NG 3-PART SERIES SA AGOSTO 20!

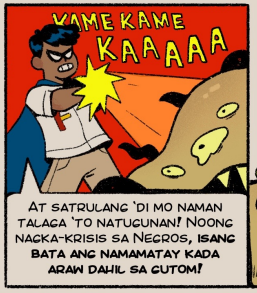
X NSTP CAL UP DILIMAN STATIC MEDIA GROUP

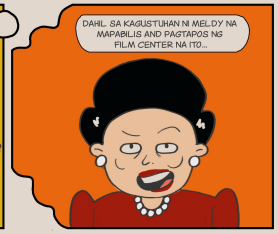
FACTBOY AND THE NIGHT OF THE LIVING NUTRIBUN!

ABKD



OPS! OPS! OPS!





Source:
https://www.philstar.com/opinion/2019/09/21/1953575/editorial-fighting-revisionism

Major Takeaways:

- Digital outputs as means to engage in public discourse (online).
- Students can produce their own creative content while doing research.
- Multisectoral collaboration with organizations and individuals (e.g. Rappler's FactsFirstPH campaign).